Corning[®] Spin-X[®] UF Concentrator Selection and Use Guide



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Introduction

C orning[®] Spin-X[®] UF concentrators are disposable, single use only ultrafiltration devices with polyethersulfone membranes (PES) for the centrifugal concentration and/or purification of biological samples. T his guide will help you chose the best Spin-X UF concentrator for your application.

Major Uses for Ultrafiltration

U Itrafiltration is a convective process that uses anisotropic semi-permeable membranes to separate macromolecular species and solvents primarily on the basis of size. It is particularly appropriate for the concentration of macromolecules and can also be used to purify molecular species or for solvent exchange (Table 1). U Itrafiltration is a gentle, non denaturing method that is more efficient and flexible than alternative processes.

Solute Concentration

U Itrafiltration membranes are used to increase the solute concentration of a desired biological species. T he filtrate is cleared of macromolecules which are significantly larger than the retentive membrane pores. M icrosolute is removed convectively with the solvent.

Solute Desalting or Purification

A solution may be purified from salts, non-aqueous solvents and generally from low molecular weight materials. Multiple solvent exchanges will progressively purify macromolecules from contaminating solutes. Microsolutes are removed most efficiently by adding solvent to the solution being ultrafiltered at a rate equal to the speed of filtration. T his is called diafiltration.

Table 1. Typical Ultrafiltration Applications

- G eneral purpose laboratory concentration and desalting of proteins, enzymes, cells, biomolecules, antibodies and immunoglobulins
- Removal of labeled amino acids and nucleotides
- HPLC sample preparation
- Deproteinization of samples
- Recovery of biomolecules from cell culture supernatants, lysates

Choosing the Right Concentrator

C orning offers Spin-X UF concentrators in three sizes. T he information below and Tables 2 and 3 will help you find the best concentrator for your needs.



1. Spin-X UF 500 for 100 to 500 µL samples

Spin-X UF 500 µL centrifugal filter units offer a simple, one step procedure for sample preparation. T hey can effectively be used in fixed angle rotors accepting 2.2 mL centrifuge tubes.

T he patented vertical membrane design and thin channel filtration chamber (U.S. Patent N o. 5,647,990) minimizes membrane fouling and provides high speed concentrations, even with particle laden solutions.



2. Spin-X UF 6 for 2 to 6 mL samples

Spin-X UF 6 mL concentrators have been developed to offer increased volume flexibility and performance. Spin-X UF 6 concentrators can process up to 6 mL in swing bucket or fixed angle rotors accepting standard 15 mL conical bottom tubes. In a single spin, solutions can be concentrated in excess of 100-fold. Samples are typically concentrated in 10 to 30 minutes with macromolecular recoveries in excess of 95%.

T he Spin-X UF 6 features twin vertical membranes for unparalleled filtration speeds and 100x plus concentrations. R emaining volume is easy to read off the printed scale on the side of the concentrator and the modified dead stop pocket further simplifies direct pipet recovery of the final concentrate.

3. Spin-X° UF 20 for 5 to 20 mL samples

Spin-X UF 20 mL centrifugal concentrators have been developed to offer increased volume flexibility and performance. Spin-X UF 20 handles up to 20 mL in swing bucket centrifuges and 14 mL in 25° fixed angle rotors accepting 50 mL centrifuge tubes.

F eaturing twin vertical membranes for unparalleled filtration speeds the Spin-X U F 20 can achieve 100x plus concentrations. R emaining volume is easy to read off the printed scale on the side of the concentrator and the modified dead stop pocket further simplifies direct pipet recovery of the final concentrate.

Spin-X UF 500	Spin-X UF 6	Spin-X UF 20
D o not use	6 mL	20 mL
500 μL	6 mL	14 mL
40°	25°	25°
50 mm	122 mm	116 mm
11 mm	17 mm	30 mm
0.5 cm ²	2.5 cm ²	6.0 cm ²
<5 μL	<10 µL	<20 μL
5 μL	30 µL	50 μL
Polycarbonate	Polycarbonate	Polycarbonate
Polypropylene	Polycarbonate	Polycarbonate
Polycarbonate	Polypropylene	Polypropylene
Polyethersulfone	Polyethersulfone	Polyethersulfone
	Donot use 500 μL 40° 50 mm 11 mm 0.5 cm ² <5 μL 5 μL Polycarbonate Polycarbonate Polycarbonate	D o not use6 mL500 μL6 mL40°25°50 mm122 mm11 mm17 mm0.5 cm²2.5 cm²<5 μL

Table 2. Technical Properties of Corning[®] Spin-X UF Concentrators

* Dead stop volume as designed in molding tool. T his volume may vary depending on sample, sample concentration, operation temperature and centrifuge rotor.

Choosing the Best Molecular Weight Cut-off (MWCO) Membrane

Spin-X UF concentrators use general purpose polyethersulfone membranes that provide excellent performance with most solutions when retentate recovery is of primary importance. Polyethersulfone membranes exhibit no hydrophobic or hydrophilic interactions and are usually preferred for their low fouling characteristics, exceptional flux and broad pH range.

Table 3. PES Membrane Selection G	Guide (recommended MWCO*)
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Application	<5,000	10,000	30,000	50,000	100,000
Bacteria					
E nzymes					
G rowth factors					
Immunoglobulins					
MAB					
Peptides					
Virus					
Yeast					

* For highest recovery, select a membrane MWCO which is at least half of the molecular weight of the solute to be retained.

T he advanced designs and low adsorption materials that characterize C orning[®] Spin-X[®] U F products offer a unique combination of faster processing speeds and higher recovery of the concentrated sample. Providing that the appropriate device size (Table 2) and membrane cut-off (Table 3) is selected, C orning Spin-X U F products will typically yield recoveries of the concentrated sample in excess of 90% when the starting sample contains over 0.1 mg/mL of the solute of interest (Table 4). M ost of the loss is caused by nonspecific binding both to the membrane surface and to exposed binding sites on the plastic of the sample container.

Concentrator	Spin-X	UF 500		Spin	-X UF 6			Spin-X	UF 20	
Rotor		0° Angle		ing :ket	_	5° Angle	Sw Buc		25 Fixed /	
Start volume	50	ϽμL	6 r	nL	6	mL	20	mL	14 ı	nL
	Min.	Rec.	Min.	Rec.	Min.	Rec.	Min.	Rec.	Min.	Rec.
BSA 1.0 mg/mL (66,000) MW)									
5,000 M W C O P E S	15	96%	20	98%	12	98%	23	99%	29	99%
10,000 MWCOPES	5	96%	13	98%	10	98%	16	98%	17	98%
30,000 M W C O P E S	5	96%	12	98%	9	97%	13	98%	15	98%
lgG 0.25 mg/mL (160,0	00 M W)									
30,000 M W C O P E S	10	96%	18	96%	15	95%	27	97%	20	95%
50,000 M W C O P E S	10	96%	17	96%	14	95%	27	96%	22	95%
100,000 M W C O PE S	10	96%	15	91%	12	91%	25	91%	20	90%

T able 4. Spin-X UF C oncentrators Performance C haracteristics (T ime in minutes to concentrate up to 30x at 20°C and solute recovery %)

Adsorption to the Membrane

D epending on sample characteristics relative to the membrane type used, solute adsorption on the membrane surface is typically 2 to 10 μ g/cm². T his can increase to 20 to 100 μ g/cm² when the filtrate is of interest and the solute must pass through the whole internal structure of the membrane. Typically, a higher cut-off membrane will bind more than a low molecular weight cut-off membrane.

Adsorption to the Sample Container

Although every effort is made to minimize this phenomenon by the selection of low adsorption materials and tool production to optical standards, some solute will bind to the internal surface of the sample container. W hile the relative adsorption will be proportionately less important on the sample container than on the membrane, due to the higher total surface area, this can be the major source of yield loss.

Helpful Hints

Flow Rate

Filtration rate is affected by several parameters, including MWCO, porosity, sample concentration, viscosity, centrifugal force and temperature. Expect significantly longer spin times for starting solutions with over 5% solids. W hen operating at 4°C, flow rates are approximately 1.5 times slower than at 25°C. Viscous solutions such as 50% glycerin will take up to 5 times longer to concentrate than samples in a predominantly buffer solution.

Prerinsing

Membranes fitted to Spin-X[°] UF concentrators contain trace amounts of glycerin and sodium azide. Should these interfere with analysis, they can be removed by rinsing fill volume of buffer solution or deionized water through the concentrator. D ecant filtrate and concentrate before processing sample solution. If you do not want to use the prerinsed device immediately, store it in the refrigerator with buffer or water covering the membrane surface. Please do not allow the membrane to dry out.

Sterilization of Polyethersulfone Membranes

Polyethersulfone membranes should not be autoclaved as high temperatures will substantially increase membrane MWCO. To sanitize or sterilize these devices, use a 70% ethanol solution or sterilizing gas mixture.

Optimizing Solute Recovery

W hen highest solute recoveries are most important, in particular when working with solute quantities in the microgram range, C orning recommends considering the following key points:

- Select the smallest device that suits the sample volume. Additionally, take advantage of the extra speed of Spin-X UF concentrators by refilling a smaller concentrator repeatedly.
- Select the lowest MWCO membrane that suits the application.
- W hen available, use swing bucket rotors rather than fixed angle rotors. T his reduces the surface area of the concentrator that will be exposed to the solution during centrifugation.
- Reduce centrifugal force to approximately half of the maximum recommended (Table 5).
- Avoid over concentration. T he smaller the final concentrate volume, the more difficult it is to achieve complete recovery. If feasible, after a first recovery, rinse the device with one or more drops of buffer and then recover again.
- Pretreat the device overnight with a passivation solution such as 5% SDS, Tween 20, or Triton X in distilled water. T hen rinse thoroughly before use.

Table 5. Maximum Recommended Centrifugal Force

Concentrator	Spin-X UF 500	Spin-X UF 6	Spin-X UF 20
Maximum Spin Force – Swing Bucket			
5,000 to 50,000 M W C O PES	D o not use	4,000 xg	5,000 xg
>100,000 MWCOPES	D o not use	4,000 xg	3,000 xg
Maximum Spin Force – Fixed Angle			
5,000 to 50,000 M W C O PES	15,000 xg	10,000 xg	8,000 xg
>100,000 M W C O PES	15,000 xg	6,000 xg	6,000 xg

Chemical Compatibility

Spin-X UF^{*} concentrators are designed for use with biological fluids and aqueous solutions. For chemical compatibility details, refer to Table 6.

T able 6. C hemical C ompatibility* (2 hr contact time; compatible pH range, pH 1-9)

Acetic Acid (25.0%)	1
Acetone (10.0%)	3
Acetonitrile (10.0%)	3
Ammonium H ydroxide (5.0%)	2
Ammonium Sulphate (saturated)	1
Benzene (100%)	3
n-Butanol (70%)	1
Chloroform (1.0%)	3
Dimethyl Formamide (10.0%)	2
Dimethyl Sulfoxide (5.0%)	1
E thanol (70.0%)	1
E thyl Acetate (100%)	3
Formaldehyde (30%)	1
Formic Acid (5.0%)	1
G lycerine (70%)	1
G uanidine H C I (6 M)	1
H ydrocarbons, aromatic	3
H ydrocarbons, chlorinated	3
H ydrochloric Acid (1 M)	1
Imidazole (500 mM)	1
Isopropanol (70%)	1

Lactic Acid (5.0%)	1
Mercaptoethanol (10 mL)	1
Methanol (60%)	2
Nitric Acid (10.0%)	1
Phenol (1.0%)	2
Phosphate Buffer (1.0 M)	1
Polyethylene G lycol (10%)	1
Pyridine (100%)	2
Sodium Carbonate (20%)	2
Sodium Deoxycholate (5.0%)	1
Sodium D odecylsulfate (0.1 M)	1
Sodium H ydroxide	3
Sodium H ypochlorite (200 ppm)	2
Sodium N itrate (1.0%)	1
Sulfamic Acid (5.0%)	1
Tetrahydrofuran (5.0%)	3
Toluene (1.0%)	3
Trifluoroacetic Acid (10%)	1
Tween 20 (0.1%)	1
Triton X-100 (0.1%)	1
U rea (8 M)	1

* 1 = acceptable, 2 = questionable, testing advised, 3 = not recommended.

	5 1		2		
Catalogue No	Alt No	Description	C apacity	Membrane	Pack Size
MPA-151-005M	431477	Spin-X UF 500	500 μL	5,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-010T	431478	Spin-X UF 500	500 μL	10,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-020Q	431479	Spin-X UF 500	500 μL	30,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-030N	431480	Spin-X UF 500	500 μL	50,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-040K	431481	Spin-X UF 500	500 μL	100,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-050H	431482	Spin-X UF 6	6 mL	5,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-060E	431483	Spin-X UF 6	6 mL	10,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-070B	431484	Spin-X UF 6	6 mL	30,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-080V	431485	Spin-X UF 6	6 mL	50,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-090S	431486	Spin-X UF 6	6 mL	100,000 M W C O	25
MPA-151-100S	431487	Spin-X UF 20	20 mL	5,000 M W C O	12
MPA-151-110P	431488	Spin-X UF 20	20 mL	10,000 M W C O	12
MPA-151-120M	431489	Spin-X UF 20	20 mL	30,000 M W C O	12
MPA-151-130J	431490	Spin-X UF 20	20 mL	50,000 M W C O	12
MPA-151-140G	431491	Spin-X UF 20	20 mL	100,000 M W C O	12

Corning[®] Spin-X[®] UF Concentrator Ordering Information

CORNING SPIN-X UF CONCENTRATOR SELECTION AND USE GUIDE

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